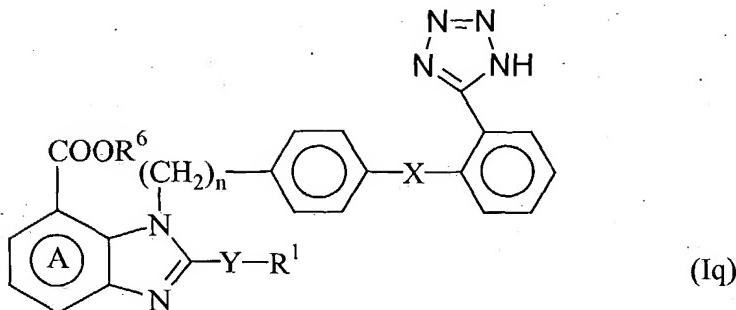


IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Claim 1. (Cancelled)

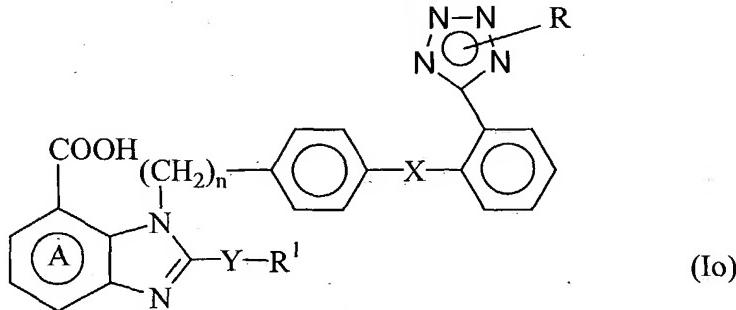
Claim 2. (Cancelled)

Claim 3. (Currently Amended) A method for producing a compound represented by the formula:

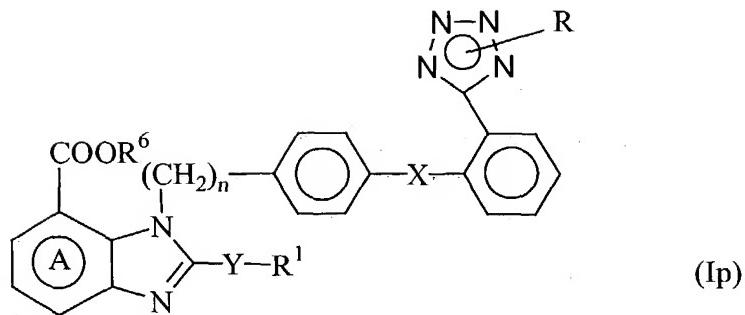


wherein the ring A is a benzene ring which may be substituted in addition to the group of -COOR⁶ group; R¹ is hydrogen or an optionally substituted hydrocarbon residue; X is a direct bond or a spacer having an atomic length ~~or of~~ two or less between the phenylene group and the phenyl group; Y is -O-, -S(O)m- or -N(R⁴)- wherein m is an integer of 0, 1 or 2 and R⁴ is hydrogen or an optionally substituted alkyl group; R⁶ is a lower (C₁₋₆) alkyl optionally substituted with lower (C₂₋₆) alkanoyloxy, 1-lower (C₁₋₆) alkoxy carbonyloxy; n is an integer of 1 or 2; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, which comprises;

(i) reacting a compound represented by the formula:



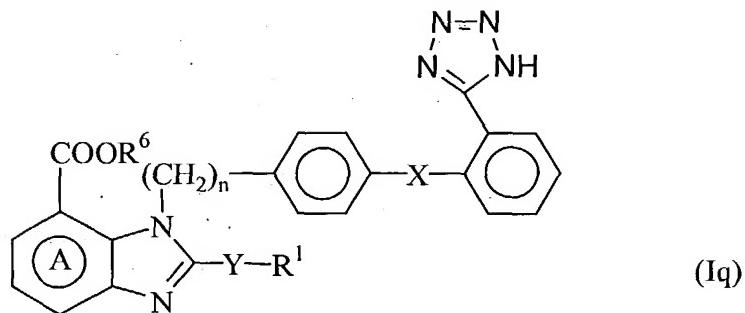
wherein R is triphenylmethyl, 2-tetrahydropyranyl, methoxymethyl or ethoxy methyl, and the other symbols have the same meanings as defined above, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; with an alkylating agent to give a compound represented by the formula:



wherein each symbol has the same meaning as defined above; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and then,

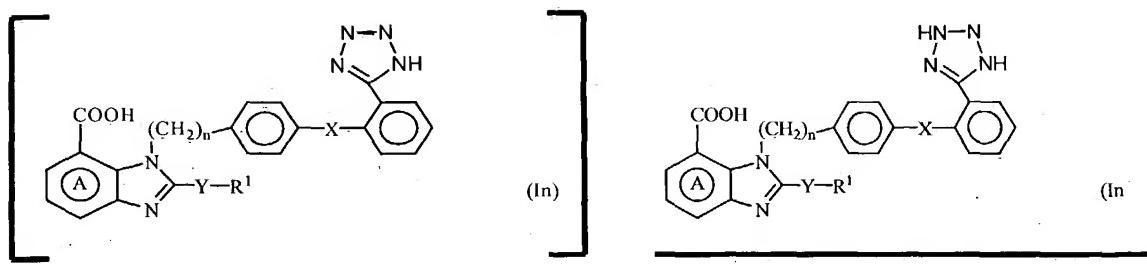
- (ii) deprotecting the compound (Ip) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 4. (Currently amended) A method for producing a compound represented by the formula:

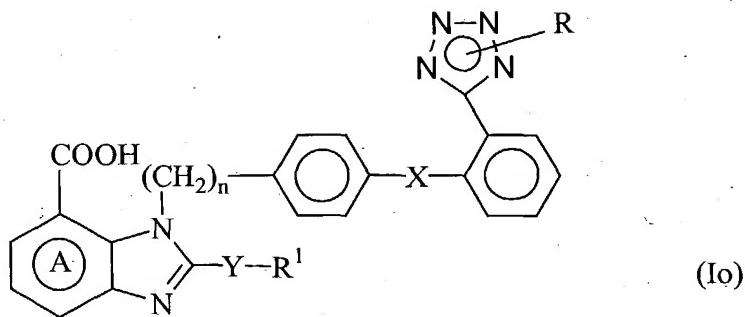


wherein the ring A is a benzene ring which may be substituted in addition to the group of -COOR⁶ group; R¹ is hydrogen or an optionally substituted hydrocarbon residue; X is a direct bond or a spacer having an atomic length or of two or less between the phenylene group and the phenyl group; Y is -O-, -S(O)m- or -N(R⁴)- wherein m is an integer of 0, 1 or 2 and R⁴ is hydrogen or an optionally substituted alkyl group; R⁶ is a lower (C₁₋₆) alkyl optionally substituted with lower (C₂₋₆) alkanoyloxy, 1-lower (C₁₋₆) alkoxy carbonyloxy; n is an integer of 1 or 2; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, which comprises;

- (i) reacting a compound represented by the formula:

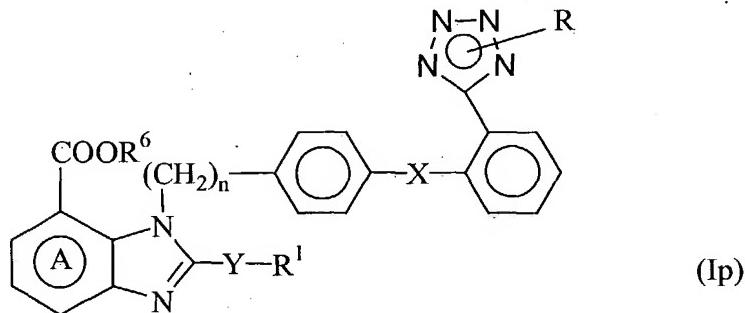


wherein each symbol has the same meaning as defined above, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof with an alkylating agent to give a compound represented by the formula:



wherein R is triphenylmethyl, 2-tetrahydropyranyl, methoxymethyl or ethoxy methyl, and the other symbols have the same meanings as defined above, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

(ii) reacting the compound (Io) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof with an alkylating agent to give a compound represented by the formula:



wherein each symbol has the same meaning as defined above; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and then,

(iii) deprotecting the compound (Ip) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 5. (Currently Amended) A method according to claims ~~1 or 2~~ 3 or 4, wherein R¹ is an optionally substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, or aralkyl group.

Claim 6. (Currently Amended) A method according to claims ~~1 or 2~~ 3 or 4, wherein R¹ is an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or cycloalkyl group, which may be substituted with hydroxyl, an optionally substituted amino group, halogen or a lower (C₁₋₄) alkoxy group.

Claim 7. (Currently Amended) A method according to claims ~~1 or 2~~ 3 or 4, wherein R¹ is a lower (C₁₋₅) alkyl or lower (C₂₋₅) alkenyl group optionally substituted with hydroxyl, an amino group, halogen or a lower (C₁₋₄) alkoxy group.

Claim 8. (Original) A method according to claim 6, wherein the alkyl is a lower alkyl group having 1 to about 8 carbon atoms, which may be straight or branched.

Claim 9. (Original) A method according to claim 8, wherein the lower alkyl group is unsubstituted or substituted with hydroxyl, an optionally substituted amino group, halogen or a lower (C₁₋₄) alkoxy group.

Claim 10. (Currently Amended) A method according to claims ~~1 or 2~~ 3 or 4, wherein R¹ is a lower alkyl group having 1 to about 8 carbon atoms.

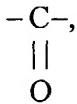
Claim 11. (Original) A method according to claim 5, wherein the aryl group is phenyl which may be substituted with halogen, nitro, lower (C₁₋₄) alkoxy, or lower (C₁₋₄) alkyl.

Claim 12. (Original) A method according to claim 5, wherein the aralkyl group is phenyl-lower (C₁₋₄) alkyl which may be substituted with halogen, nitro, lower (C₁₋₄) alkoxy, or lower (C₁₋₄) alkyl.

Claims 13-21. (Cancelled)

Claims 22. (Currently Amended) A method according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 4~~ claims 3 or 4, wherein the ring A is a benzene ring which may contain, in addition to the R' group, a substituent being selected from the group consisting of halogen nitro, cyano, optionally substituted amino, a group having the formula: -W-R¹³

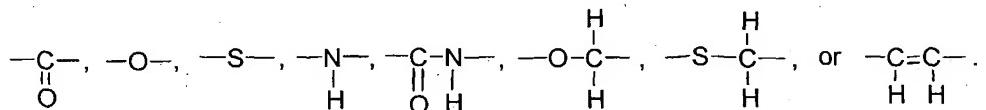
wherein W is a chemical bond, -O-, -S-, or



and R¹³ is hydrogen or an optionally substituted lower alkyl group, a group having the formula: -(CH₂)_p-CO-D wherein D is hydrogen, hydroxyl, optionally substituted amino, or optionally substituted alkoxy, and p is 0 or 1, tetrazolyl optionally protected with an optionally substituted lower alkyl group or an acyl group, trifluoromethanesulfonic amide, phosphoric acid, or sulfonic acid.

Claims 23. (Currently Amended) A method according to claims 3 or 4, wherein the ring A is a benzene ring which contains no substitution in addition to the R' group.

Claims 24. (Currently Amended) A method according to ~~claims 1 to 2~~ 3 or 4, wherein X is a chemical bond, lower (C₁₋₄) alkylene,



Claims 25. (Currently Amended) A method according to any one of claims ~~1 to 4~~ 3 or 4, wherein X is a chemical bond between the phenylene group and the phenyl group.

Claims 26. (Currently Amended) A method according to claims 3 or 4, wherein Y is -O-, -SO_m- wherein m is 0, 1, or 2, or -N(R⁴)- wherein R⁴ is hydrogen or an optionally substituted lower (C₁₋₄) alkyl group.

Claims 27. (Currently Amended) A method according to claims 3 or 4, wherein Y—R¹ is -N(R⁴)-R¹ wherein R¹ and R⁴ are taken together with the N atom attached thereto to form a heterocyclic ring.

Claim 28. (Cancelled)

Claim 29. (Original) A method according to claim 3 or 4, wherein the alkylating reaction is conducted in the presence of a base.

Claim 30. (Currently Amended) A method according to claims 3 or 4 any one of claims 2 to 4, wherein the deprotecting reaction is conducted under acid condition.

Claim 31. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 3 or 4, wherein the alkylating agent is halides a halide.

Claim 32. (Original) A method according to claim 4, wherein the alkylating agent used in the reaction (i) of compound (In) with alkylating agent, is selected from triphenylmethyl chloride and methoxy methyl chloride.

Claim 33. (Original) A method according to claim 3 or 4, wherein the alkylating agent used in the reaction of compound (Io) with alkylating agent, is selected from cyclohexyl 1-iodoethyl carbonate, ethyl 1-iodoethyl carbonate, and pivaloyloxymethyl iodide.

Claim 34. (Cancelled)

Claim 35. (Original) A method for producing 1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy)ethyl 2-ethoxy-1-[[2'-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)biphenyl-4-yl]methyl]benzimidazole-7-carboxylate or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, which comprises reacting 2-ethoxy-1-[[2'-(N-triphenylmethyltetrazol-5-yl)biphenyl-4-yl]methyl]benzimidazole-7-carboxylic acid or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof with an alkylating agent, and then subjecting the resulting compound to deprotecting reaction of the tetrazole group.

Claim 36. (Original) A method for producing 1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy)ethyl 2-ethoxy-1-[[2'-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)biphenyl-4-yl]methyl]benzimidazole-7-carboxylate or a

pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, which comprises (i) reacting 2-ethoxy-[[2'-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)biphenyl-4-yl]methyl]benzimidazole-7-carboxylic acid or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof with an alkylating agent to give 2-ethoxy-1-[[2'-N-triphenylmethyltetrazol-5-yl)biphenyl-4-yl]methyl]benzimidazole-7-carboxylic acid or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, (ii) reacting the resulting compound with an alkylating agent, and then (iii) subjecting the resulting compound to deprotecting reaction of the tetrazole group.